

Your mental health at work during COVID-19

Summary report on the NSW Government Have Your Say digital community engagement

May 2021



Context

Why?

- Most of us spend about a third or more of our waking lives at work. It's a huge part of what we do and can have a significant impact on our mental health in a positive or negative way
- COVID-19 brought about significant change in the workplace
- The NSW Government wanted to better understand and support this change by asking the community to have their say at haveyoursay.nsw.gov.au/mentally-healthy-workplaces

Partnership approach

- Experts from across NSW Government partnered with the NSW Department of Customer Service to develop and promote this engagement

Supporting mentally healthy workplaces

- Customer feedback from this engagement has informed the refreshed the NSW Government's Mentally Healthy Workplaces Strategy 2018-2022, and will continue to shape related policy across government

What we told community and stakeholders



2020 was a challenging year, COVID-19 changed the way we live and work

1



The NSW Government wanted to know how COVID-19 affected mental health in NSW workplaces

2



We asked about job security, working from home, workplace support and how government can help

3



Customer feedback is shaping government policy to support mentally healthy workplaces

4

About this report

This report:

- Outlines findings from responses to an online engagement run by the NSW Government about the impacts of COVID-19 on mental health at work
- Summarises the main themes from the consultation for the NSW Government to consider

The engagement:

- Ran on the nsw.gov.au digital engagement platform from 7 October to 6 November 2020
- Was promoted via channels including a media release, electronic direct mail, social media, in Service NSW Service Centres and on nsw.gov.au
- Received 10,336 survey responses, 8,694 quick poll responses and 2,634 idea contributions

Methodology

- The engagement was open to all members of the NSW community online to answer a survey, take a quick poll and submit ideas about what's been most helpful in managing mental health at work during COVID-19
- Respondents were asked a series of workforce, demographic and geographic questions
- Sentiment analysis was undertaken in addition to quantitative reporting of data



Participation: the engagement numbers

We asked how COVID-19 has affected mental health in NSW workplaces and how government can help



Four weeks

7 Oct – 6 Nov 2020

36.2K

Unique visitors

8,694

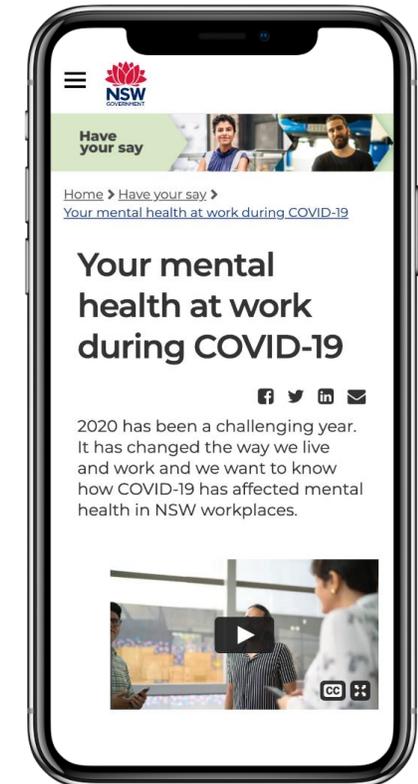
Contributions to quick polls

10,336

Surveys completed

2,634

Ideas and responses to ideas



The engagement rate reflects the number of people who visited the consultation page **and** actively participated in the consultation

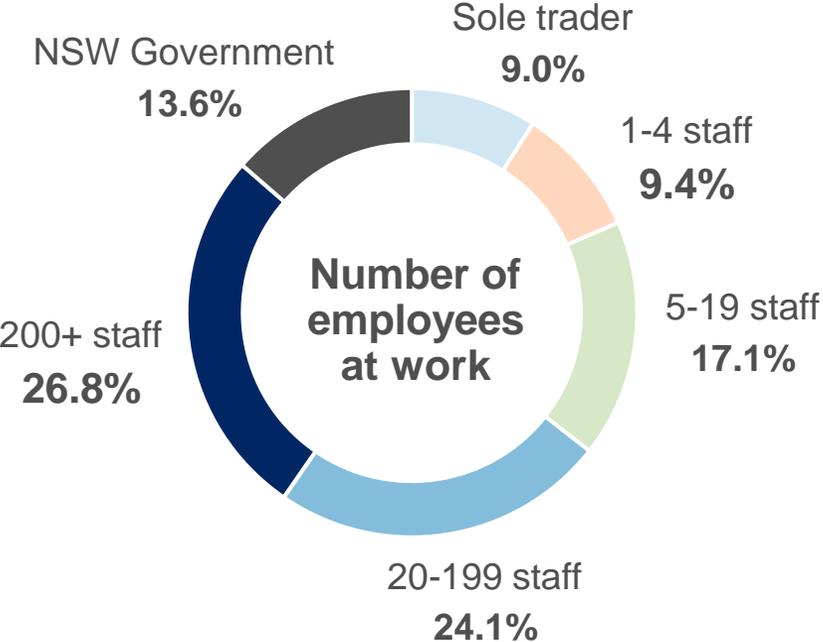
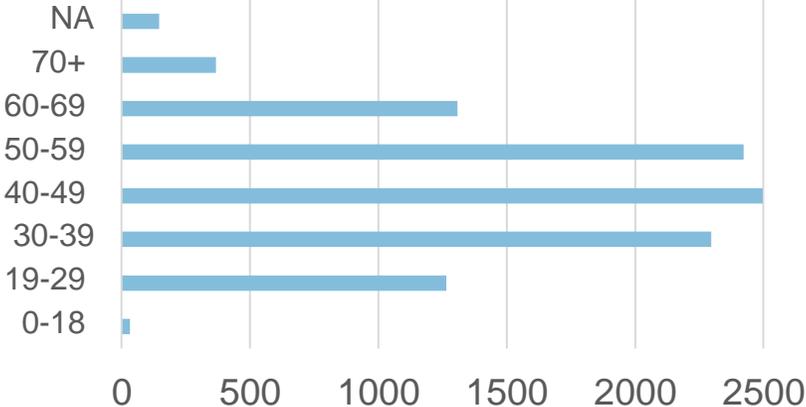


Profile of survey respondents

Employment status



Age groups



Work locations



Customer profile

Respondents worked in sectors including:

Health
Care and
Social
Assistance
1,577

Education
and
Training
1,231

Professional,
Scientific
and
Technical
809

Finance and
Insurance
635

Retail trade
558

Administrative
and Support
545

Information
Media and
Telecomms
466

Public Admin
and Safety
444

Construction
433

Accommodation
and Food
Services
339

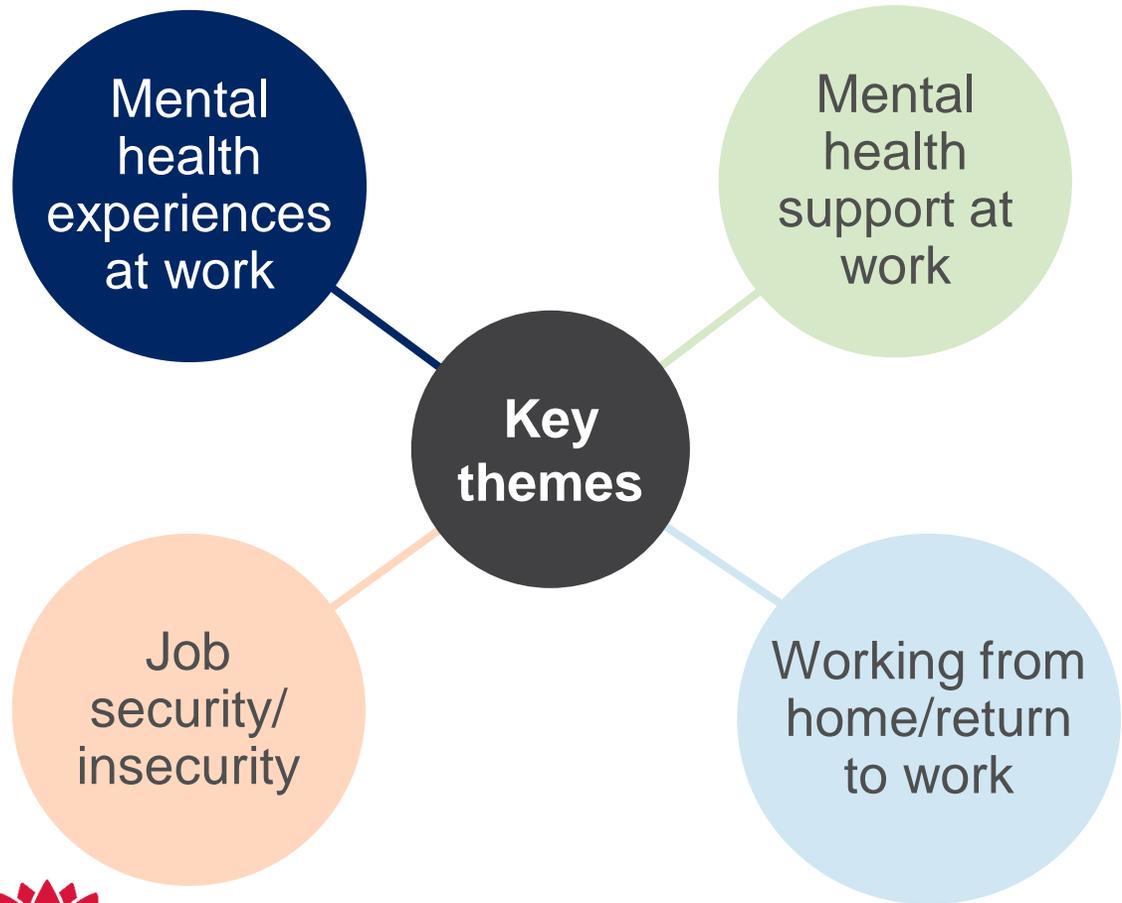
Manufacturing
300

Arts and
Recreation
268

Transport
Postal and
Warehousing
261

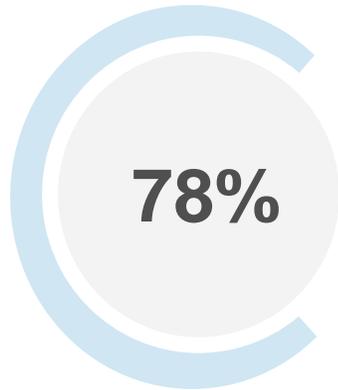
Other sectors: **2,470**

Key themes

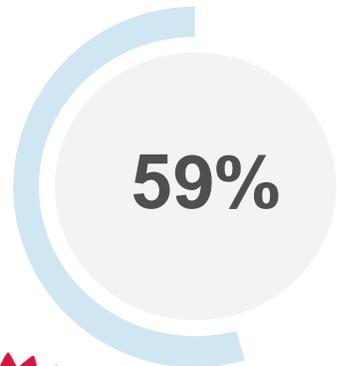


Mental health experiences at work

The prevalence of mental health issues at work because of COVID-19 is high



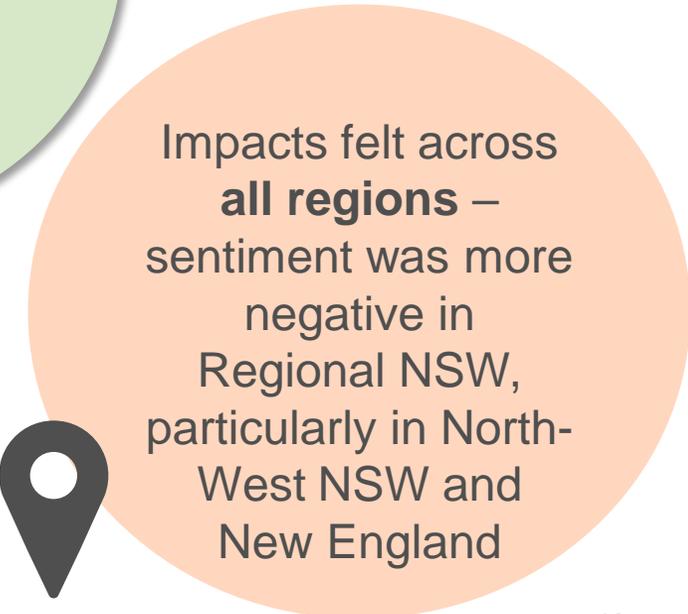
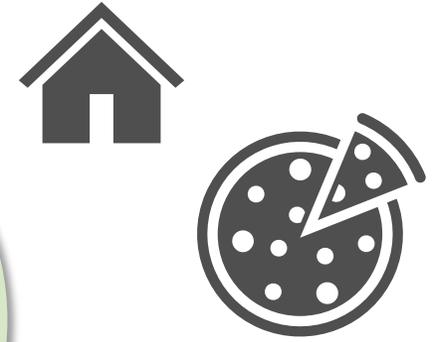
Workers, managers and business owners noticed an impact on their own mental health at work



Noticed mental health impacts on **colleagues**



Some sectors – **accommodation and food services** – were more impacted than others

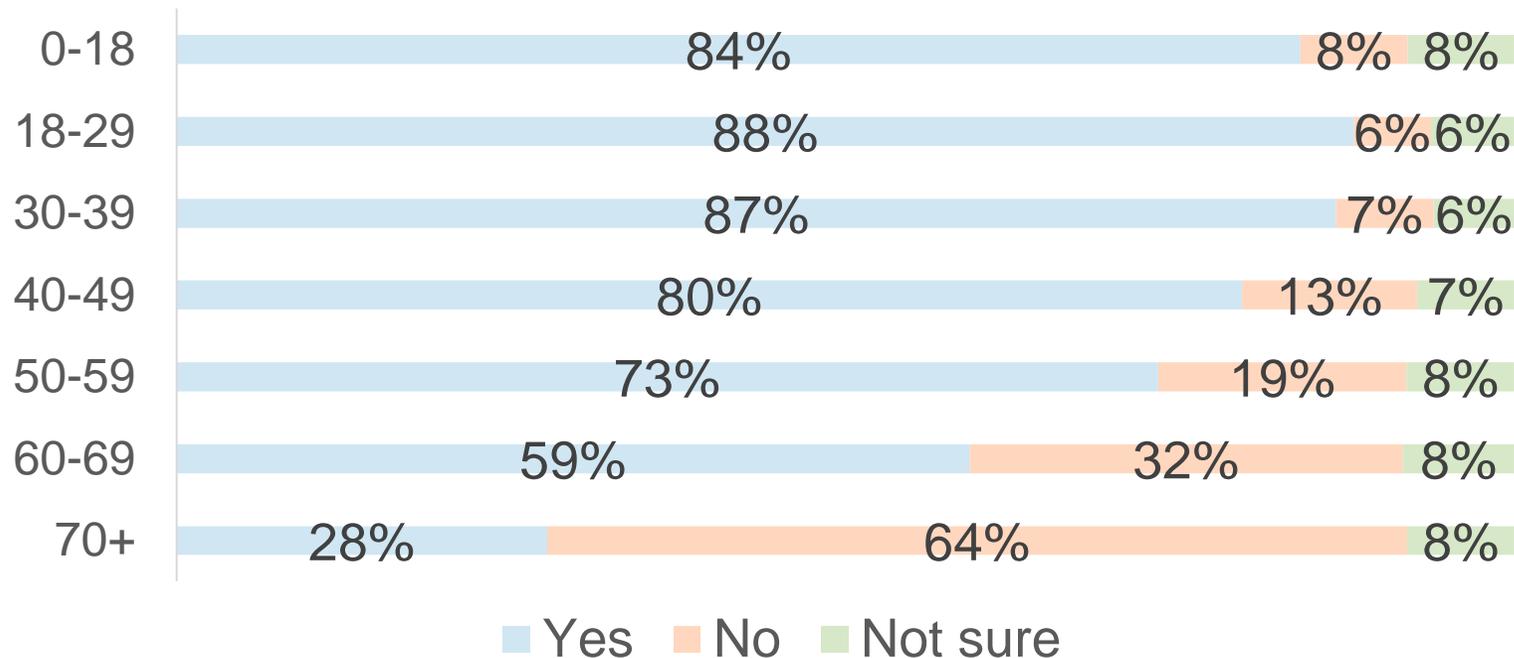


Impacts felt across **all regions** – sentiment was more negative in Regional NSW, particularly in North-West NSW and New England



Mental health experiences at work

Noticed any impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on your mental health when working - age



Causes in groups include:

18-29: lack of social contact and stress around casual/entry level employment

40-49: anxiety around effects on family as well as new ways of working and financial changes

60+: high number of issues working externally due to lack of technological skills and social interactions



Mental health experiences at work

There was little mention about general fear of health regarding the virus itself

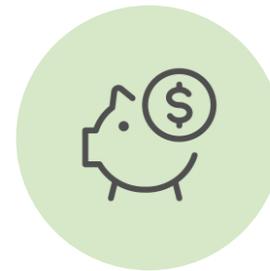
Almost all mental illness reported was caused by **work-related issues:**



Added pressure



High/low job demands



Financial stress



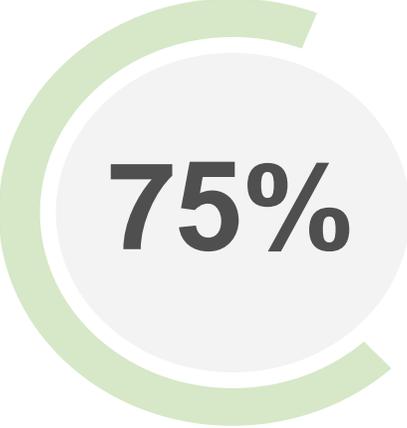
Mental health experiences at work

A circular infographic with an orange border and a grey center containing the text '59%'.

59%

Noticed mental health **impacts on colleagues**

Consistent across age groups. However, those in middle age groups slightly more likely to notice an impact

A circular infographic with a green border and a grey center containing the text '75%'.

75%

Three quarters of **managers** noticed an **impact on their staff**

Most impacted sectors



Accommodation, retail and food



Arts and recreation



Education and training

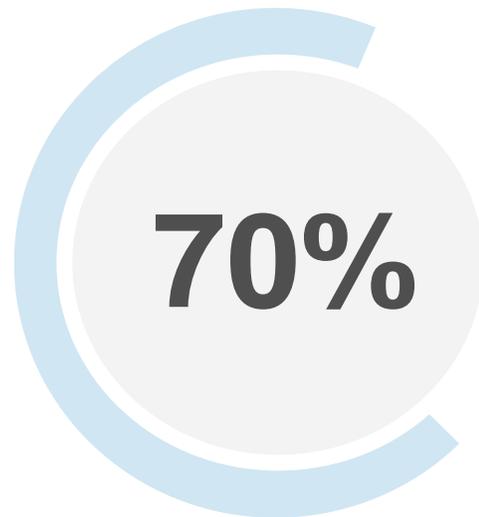


Health and social services

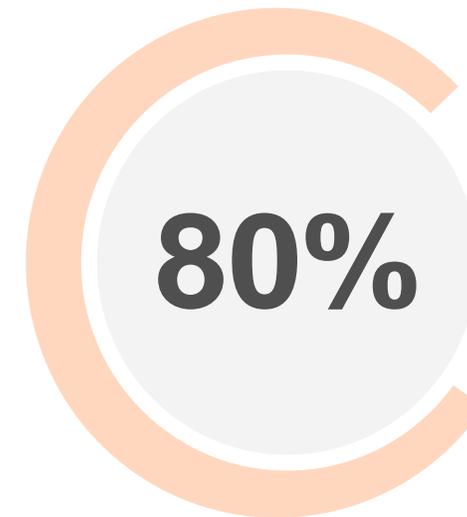
Support for mental health at work

Employers were a key resource for respondents in tackling mental health issues

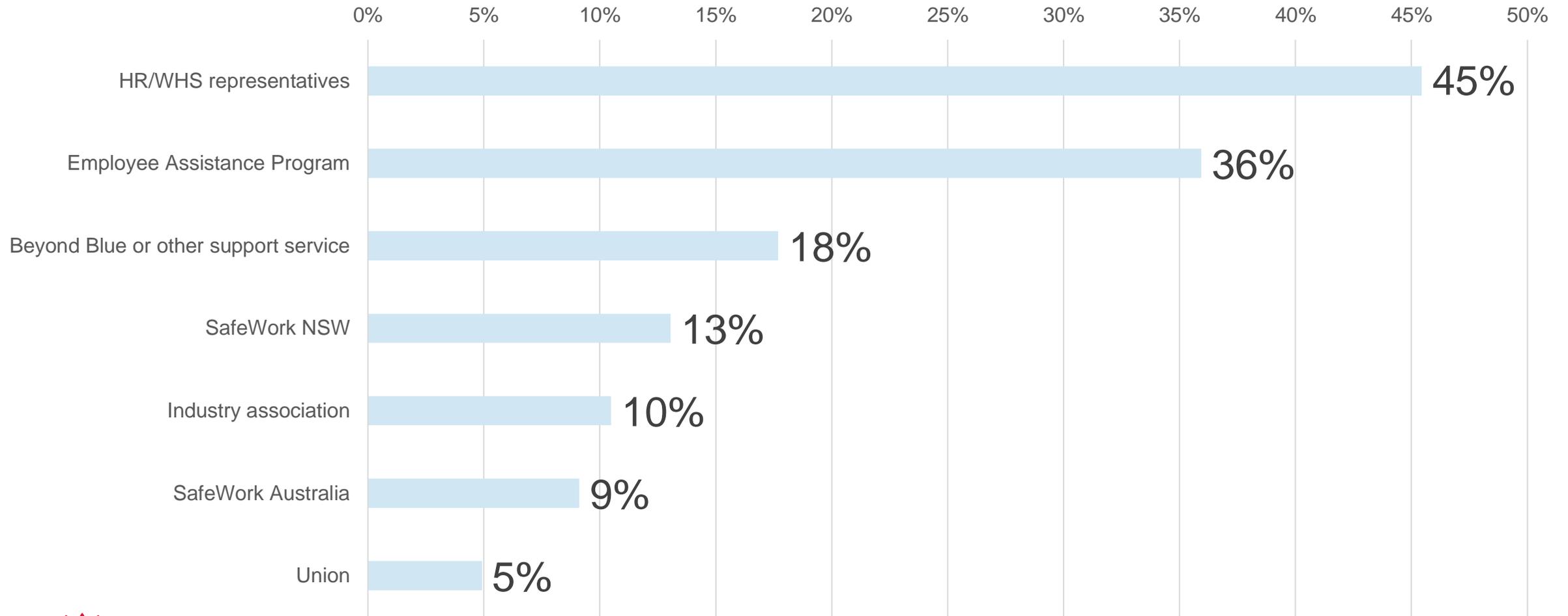
~ 70% of workers received some mental health support at work



> 80% of managers received some assistance at work



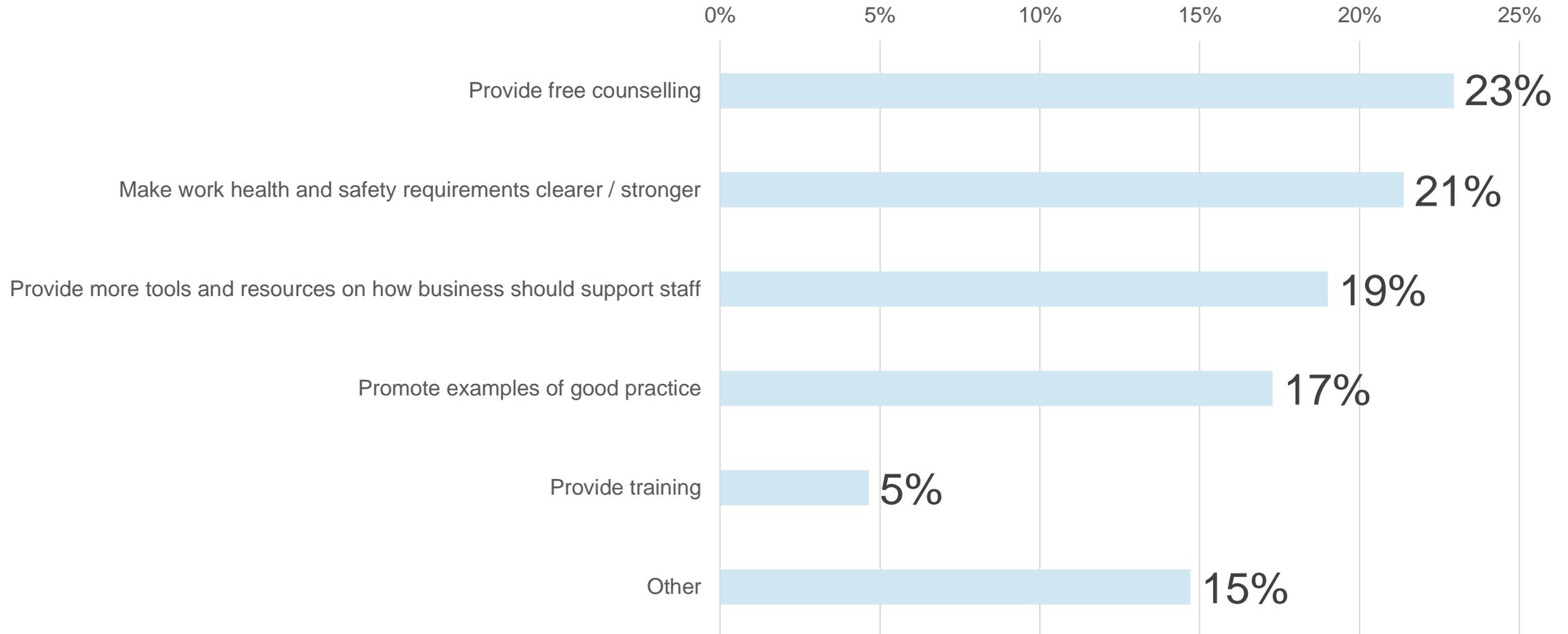
Sources of support information for managers



26% of business owners and 22% of managers get information from SafeWork NSW and SafeWork Australia

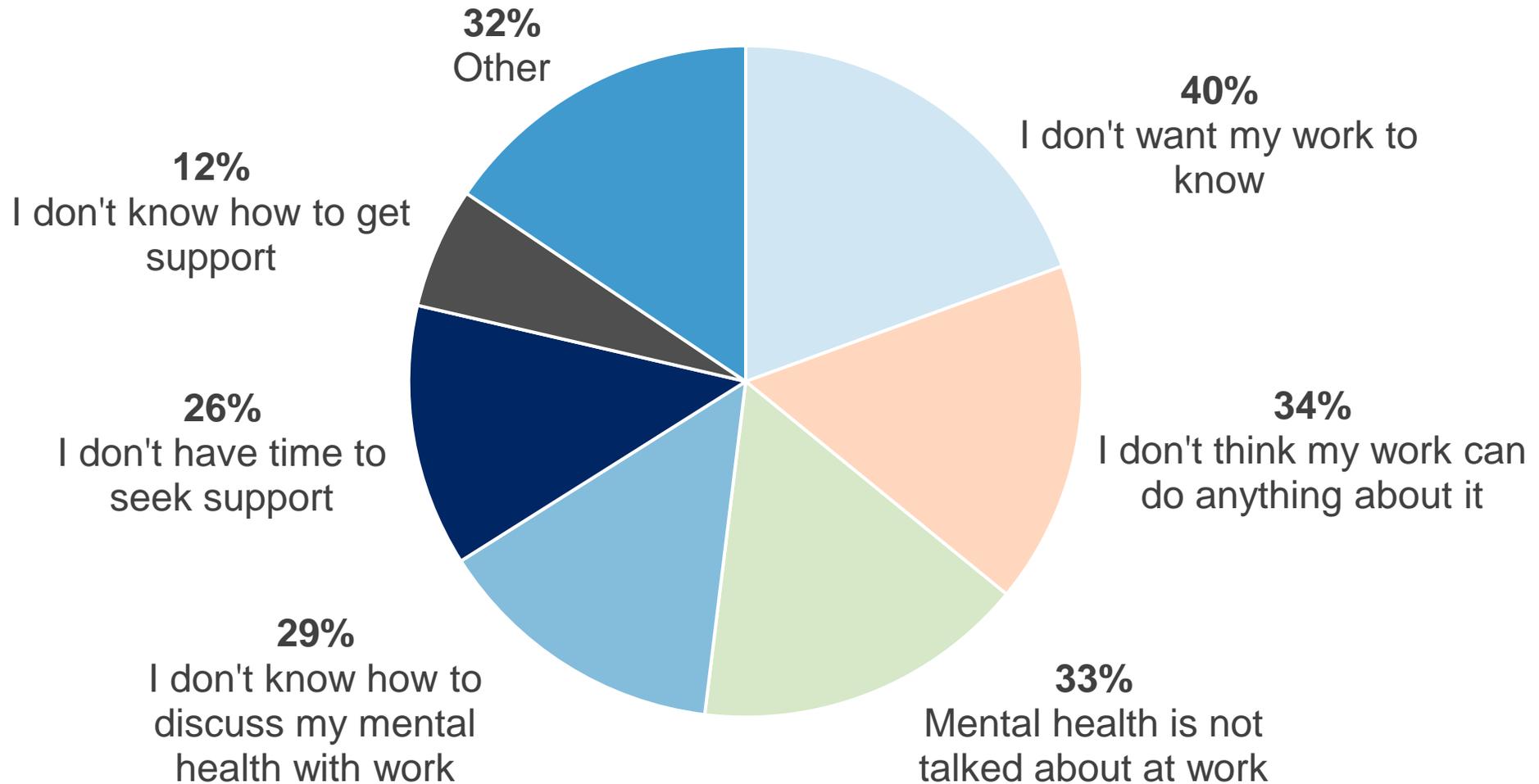


Support that workers want from NSW government

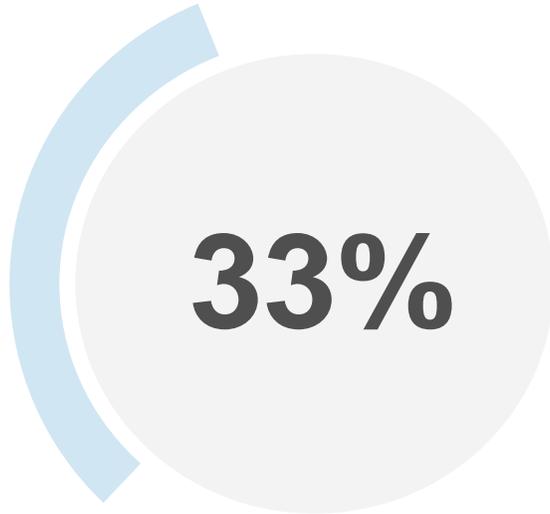


Support for mental health at work

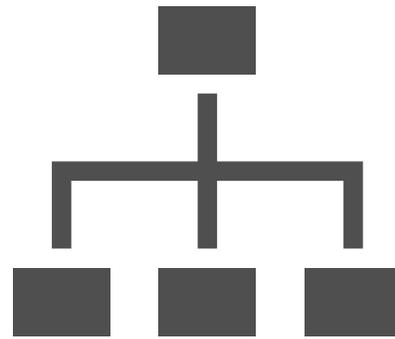
Barriers for workers when seeking mental health support at work



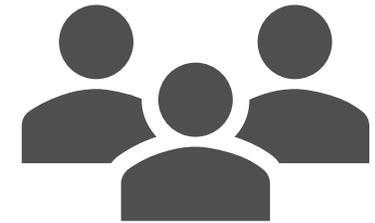
Support for mental health at work



Of **workers** reported that they experienced **barriers** to accessing support at work



Managers experience fewer **barriers**, but the challenges were similar in nature



Younger age groups were more likely to say they had experienced barriers in asking for support

Support for mental health at work



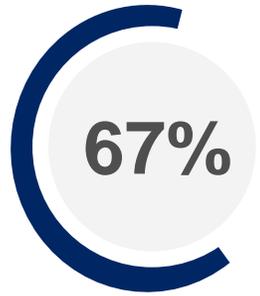
Those working in **accommodation** and **food services** are least likely to get help and **70%** report they get **no support from their work**



Construction workers also reported **barriers** to accessing support



Working from home



Of managers **encouraged** people to **work from home**



Of respondents **spent some time working time at home**



Retail, education, accommodation and food services workers are **least likely to work from home**



Working from home and return to work

Work from home is:

37% 
positive

56%  + 
a bit of both

7% 
negative



Pros

- Increased family time
- More time for hobbies
- Avoiding the commute



Cons

- Isolation
- Increased pressure
- Lack of socialising



Working from home/return to work and public transport

50-59
years

Generally more concerned about **public transport** because of issues to do with **social distancing**

View **working from home** much more **positively** due to **flexibility**

18-29
years

More positive about returning to work



Those who rely on public transport to get to work are more likely to want to work from home and those in the inner city are more willing to make the short trip to the office



Job security/insecurity



40% of workers, and 36% of managers worry about their job security



40% of business owners had to reduce staff
28% reduced staff by more than 80%



40% of unemployed said their work status was due to COVID-19

Job security/insecurity



Business owners that have retained staff because of **JobKeeper**

JobKeeper mostly helped to retain workers in:



Accommodation and food services



Information Media and Telecommunications



Education and training

High-risk mental health concerns

251

251 individual responses related to high-risk mental health concerns around self-harm and/or suicidal behaviour



Most high-risk mental health concerns came from people aged 30-39 years old



What is the NSW Government doing?

Visit mentalhealthatwork.nsw.gov.au for resources to assist businesses create a mentally healthy workplace:

- the refreshed [NSW Mentally Healthy Workplaces Strategy 2018-2022](#) following COVID-19, feedback and expert advice
- one on one tailored [Direct Practical Coaching](#) from psychologists for private workplaces (>200 staff) and not for profits
- information about [free mental health training](#) for managers, workers and business leaders
- [ambassador program](#) and [video case studies](#) sharing business experiences towards a mentally healthy workplace



A new **Code of Practice for managing psychosocial risks in the workplace** was published in May 2021



Support services

Lifeline Australia

Visit lifeline.org.au
or call 13 11 14

Kids Helpline (for under 25's)

Visit kidshelpline.com.au
or call 1800 55 1800

Mens Line Australia

Visit mensline.org.au
or call 1800 55 1800

Suicide Call Back Service

Visit suicidecallbackservice.org.au
or call 1300 659 467

BeyondBlue

Visit beyondblue.org.au
or call 1800 512 348

BEING Supported - Mental Health Peer Support

Visit beingsupported.org.au
or call 1800 151 151

Veterans and Veterans' Families Counselling Service

Visit openarms.gov.au
or call 1 800 011 046

NSW Health Mental Health Line

Visit health.nsw.gov.au/mentalhealth/Pages/mental-health-line.aspx
or call 1800 011 511

SafeWork NSW

To report a work, health or safety concern

Contact SafeWork NSW on 13 10 50 or raise your concerns anonymously on the [Speak Up](#) platform

Report details

Published by NSW Department of Customer Service

McKell Building – 2-24 Rawson Place

Sydney NSW 2000

Tel: 02 9372 8877 | TTY: 1300 301 181

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